

# ORT-application for the vulnerability index

Critical infrastructure  
safety in context of  
climate change  
Delft  
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# Content

1. Introduction PSJ
2. Task 3.4 vulnerability index
3. Introduction ORT
4. Elements for the index
5. Approach





# Introduction PSJ

- SME within the RAIN-project
- PSJ: Prak Security & Judgment
- Raised in 2009, full self-employed since 2015
- Area's of interest
  - ✓ security concepts
  - ✓ decision support
  - ✓ education & training
  - ✓ research & development
- Clients: governments, rail and road industry, museum, university, insurance company, police



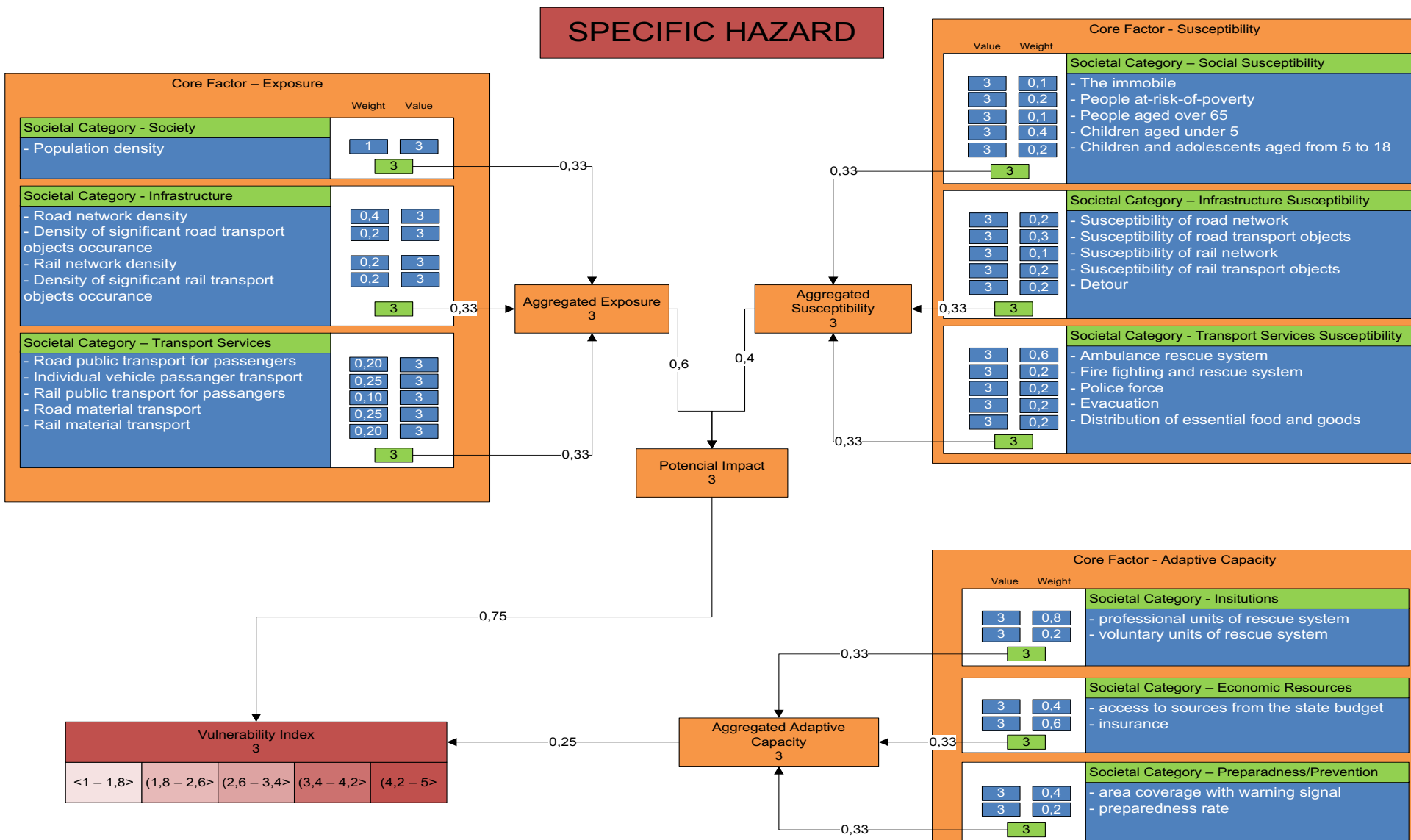


# Task 3.4 of Description Of Work

- Methodology for measuring critical land transport vulnerability
  - Common methodology is not sufficiently developed
  - How to measure
  - Usable for improving risk reduction and preparedness
- Task led by UNIZA: Zilinska Univerzita V Ziline Slovakia
- Deliverable 3.4 methodology for measuring societal vulnerability (dec 2015)









# Possible application for ORT

- Result of D3.4 might be input for a dedicated ORT-application
- Uniform method to measure the level of vulnerability
  - In any region
  - For different stakeholders
  - For different extreme weather events
  - To support decision making where to invest to improve





# Introduction of ORT Objective Ranking Tool

- ORT: decision support and ranking tool
- Principles developed during post academic course at TU Delft in 2009, web-based application developed since 2014
- Aim of 2009: to answer the question for the determination of the most vulnerable objects for terrorist attacks in the rail system
- Three scientific principles behind
  - Delphi-panels
  - Analytic Hierarchy Processing (AHP)
  - Similarity Judgment





# Why using ORT

- Incorporate -interests of- stakeholders
- Pursue unanimity in decisions
- Considerations: why and what
- Flexible
- Sensitivity analyses
- Value for money
- In any decision making process, prioritisation, ranking and comparison
- In any domain, within a common process





# Similarity Judgment

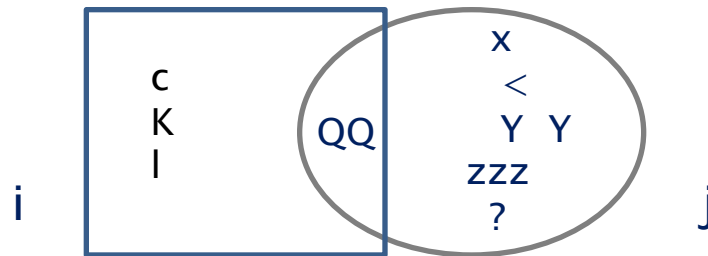
The level of similarity between two objects  
is the relationship between  
the common weighted features of both objects  
divided by the sum of these common weighted features  
and the number of weighted unique features of both objects.

$$S_{ij} = f_{ij} / [f_{ij} + a(f_{i, \text{not } j}) + b(f_{j, \text{not } i})]$$

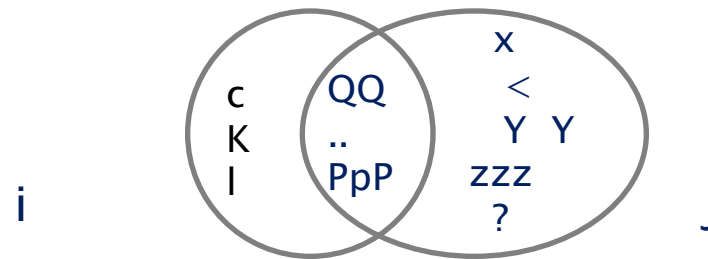
- $S_{ij}$  : level of similarity
- $f_{ij}$  : common features
- $f_{i, \text{not } j}$  : unique features of object 'i'
- $f_{j, \text{not } i}$  : unique features of object 'j'
- Relative weights between features
- Outcome is a number between '0' and '1'



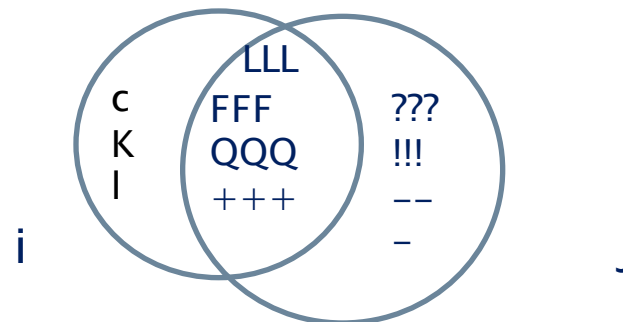
# Similarity Judgment



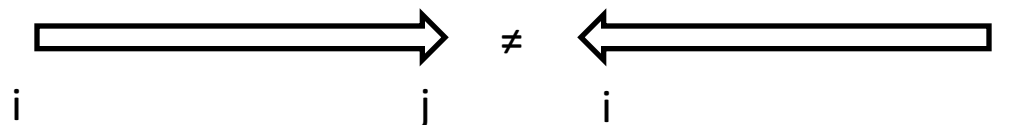
(hardly) no similarity



Certain level of similarity



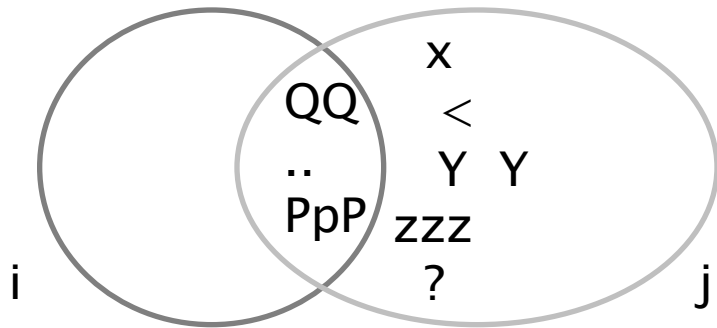
Lot of similarity



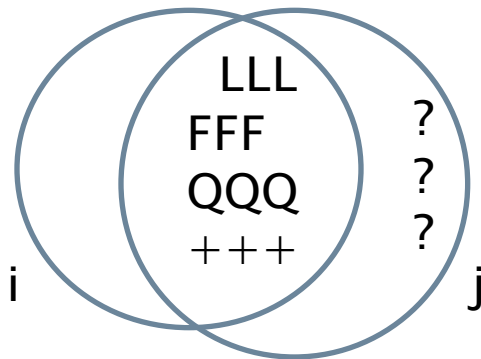


# Basis principle within ORT

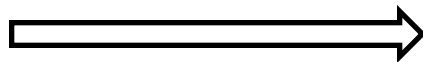
What is level of similarity between object 'i' to a reference 'j'?



Certain level of similarity



Lot of similarity



i j



# Analytic Hierarchy Process

- Pairwise comparison of agreed criteria
- Level of equality
  - Figure between '1' and '9'
  - '1' is equal
  - '9' is extreme non equal
- Statistic checks
- No consensus needed
- Within AHP seven criteria as a maximum due to consistency
- More levels possible, ORT supports 343 criteria at the moment



**AHP Analytic Hierarchy Process (EVM multiple inputs)**K. D. Goepel [Version 08.05.2013](http://bpmsg.com) <http://bpmsg.com>**Only input data in the light green fields and worksheets!**

n=  Number of criteria (3 to 10) Scale:

N=  Number of Participants (1 to 20)  $\alpha$ :  Consensus:

p=  selected Participant (0=consol.) 2 7 **Consolidated**

**Objective** Set weights for scoringproces Atb**Author** Prak/van Gelder**Date** 10-Jun-14

EVM check:

Table	Criterion	Comment
1	Ideologie	
2	Capaciteiten	
3	Weerstand	
4	Risico- en hinderacc	
5	Profiel	
6	Tijdsgeest	
7		
8		
9		
10		for 9&10 unprotect the input sheets and expand the question section ("a" in row 66)

**Result** Eigenvalue lambda:

Consistency Ratio 0,37 GCI:  CR:

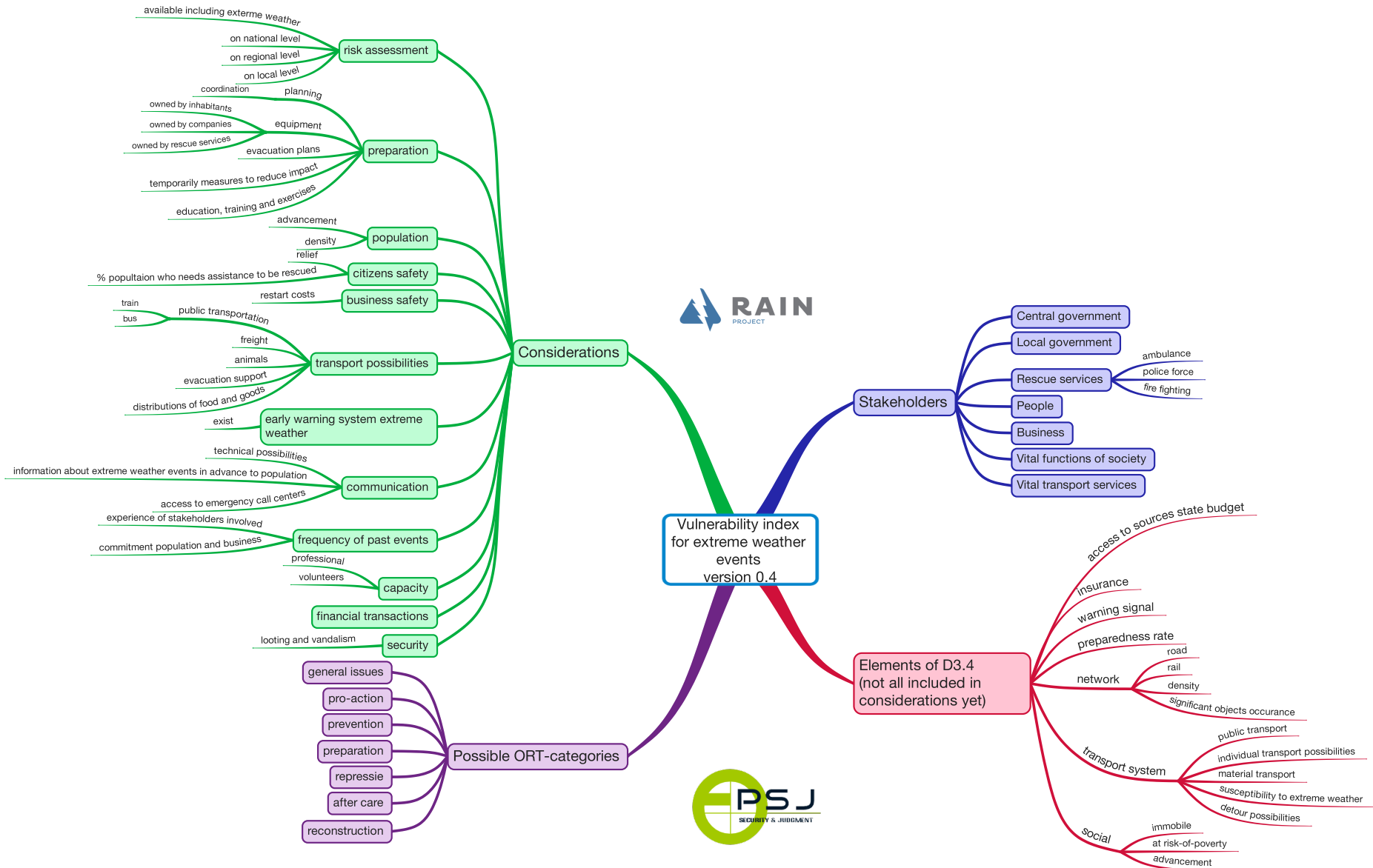
Matrix	Ideologie	Capaciteiten	Weerstand	Risico- en hinderacceptati	Profiel	Tijdsgeest	0	0	0	0	n
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Ei
Ideologie	1	1 1/7	1	1	1	1 1/7	-	-	-	-	
Capaciteiten	7/8	1	1 1/7	1	7/8	1	-	-	-	-	
Weerstand	1	7/8	1	1 1/7	1	1 1/7	-	-	-	-	
Risico- en hinderacceptati	1	1	7/8	1	7/8	1	-	-	-	-	
Profiel	1	1 1/7	1	1 1/7	1	1 1/7	-	-	-	-	
Tijdsgeest	7/8	1	7/8	1	7/8	1	-	-	-	-	
0	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	
0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	
0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	
0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1



# Content of any ORT-analyses

1. Define question
2. Delphi-panel
  - Common analyses of stakeholders, interests and considerations
  - Analyses of the criteria to use
  - Set weight factors by Analytic Hierarchy Processing (AHP)
3. Develop alternatives
4. ORT analyses with Similarity Judgment
  - Score every alternative on the criteria
  - Discuss results
  - Execute sensitivity analyses
5. Draft report







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### Criteria

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	Naam	Percentage	Type	Beïnvloedbaar	Subcriteria	
-	<b>Aggregated Adaptive Capacity</b>	25.00%			3	 
-	<b>Societal Category: Institutions</b>	33.33%			2	 
	Professional units of rescue system	80.00%	additive	ja		 
	Voluntary units of rescue system	20.00%	additive	ja		 
-	<b>Societal Category: Economic Resources</b>	33.33%			2	 
	Access to sources from the state budget	40.00%	additive	ja		 
	Insurance	60.00%	additive	ja		 
-	<b>Societal Category: Preparedness/Prevention</b>	33.34%			2	 
	Area coverage with warning signal	40.00%	additive	ja		 
	Preparedness rate	60.00%	additive	ja		 



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### Varianten

- Case Study			  
#	Te scoren objecten	Risicoindeling	 
1	Area 1: Storm	1 (50%)	 
2	Area 1: Flood	1 (50%)	 
3	Area 1: Snow	1 (50%)	 
4	Area 1: Fog	1 (50%)	 
5	Area 2: Storm	1 (50%)	 
6	Area 2: Flood	1 (50%)	 
7	Area 2: Snow	1 (50%)	 
8	Area 2: Fog	1 (50%)	 
9	Area 3: Storm	1 (50%)	 
10	Area 3: Flood	1 (50%)	 
11	Area 3: Snow	1 (50%)	 
12	Area 3: Fog	1 (50%)	 

 [voeg te scoren object toe](#)

 [voeg variant toe](#)




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## RAIN (Dublin) - WP 3.4 scoren

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Scores invullen voor

- Case Study ▼

		Area 1: Storm	Area 1: Flood	Area 1: Snow	Area 1: Fog	Area 2: Storm	Area 2: Flood	Area 2: Snow	Area 2: Fog	Area 3: Storm	Area 3: Flood	Area 3: Snow	Area 3: Fog
Aggregated Adaptive Capacity	25.00%												
Societal Category: Institutions	33.33%												
Professional units of rescue system	80.00%	0.7 ▼	0.7 ▼	0.7 ▼	0.7 ▼	0.7 ▼	0.7 ▼	0.7 ▼	0.7 ▼	0.7 ▼	0.7 ▼	0.7 ▼	0.7 ▼
Voluntary units of rescue system	20.00%	0.3 ▼	0.3 ▼	0.3 ▼	0.3 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.3 ▼	0.3 ▼	0.3 ▼	0.3 ▼
Societal Category: Economic Resources	33.33%												
Access to sources from the state budget	40.00%	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼
Insurance	60.00%	0.1 ▼	0.1 ▼	0.1 ▼	0.1 ▼	0.1 ▼	0.1 ▼	0.1 ▼	0.1 ▼	0.1 ▼	0.1 ▼	0.1 ▼	0.1 ▼
Societal Category: Preparedness/Prevention	33.34%												
Area coverage with warning signal	40.00%	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.7 ▼	0.7 ▼	0.7 ▼	0.7 ▼
Preparedness rate	60.00%	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.5 ▼	0.3 ▼	0.3 ▼	0.3 ▼	0.3 ▼	0.7 ▼	0.7 ▼	0.7 ▼	0.7 ▼



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Resultaten voor

- Case Study ▾

	REFERENTIE	Area 3: Storm	Area 3: Flood	Area 3: Fog	Area 3: Snow	Area 2: Snow	Area 2: Fog	Area 2: Flood	Area 2: Storm	Area 1: Storm	Area 1: Flood	Area 1: Snow	Area 1: Fog
REFERENTIE	1.0000	0.7123	0.7123	0.7123	0.7123	0.5973	0.5973	0.5973	0.5973	0.5841	0.5841	0.5841	0.5841



Bewerken 

Adresboek

nee ▼

[illegible]



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Analyse voor	- Case Study	Area 1: Storm		
Beïnvloedbaar	-			
Aantal gearceerde velden	5			
Toon eigenaar	nee			
Aggregated Adaptive Capacity				
Societal Category: Institutions				
Professional units of rescue system		6.67%	ja	0.7
Societal Category: Preparedness/Prevention				
Preparedness rate		5.00%	ja	0.5
Potential Impact: aggregated exposure				
Societal category: Societal				
Population density		15.00%	ja	0.3
Societal category: Infrastructure				
Road network density		6.00%	ja	0.7
Potential impact: aggregated susceptibility				
Societal category: infrastructure susceptibility				
Susceptibility of road transport objects		3.00%	ja	0.7



# Way ahead

- April 5 workshop in Delft
  - Discuss approach, possibilities
  - Decide on criteria, weights and alternatives
  - With specialists from the field
- Based on results built dedicated ORT-application
- Discuss results with specialists
- Draft report to include within D3.4





# RAIN Project

[www.rain-project.eu](http://www.rain-project.eu)

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